Algorithms Worksheet: Binary Search

- 1. Explain the basic idea of binary search on a sorted array.
- 2. Implement the binary search algorithm in pseudocode.

Input: A sorted list L and a search value xOutput: The index of x in L, or -1 if not found begin 0

- 3. For each of the following arrays, draw the elements that the binary search algorithm examines while searching for the given value.
 - (a) A = [2, 5, 6, 9, 11, 15, 19], x = 6
 - (b) A = [2, 3, 5, 6, 7], x = 2

end

- (c) A = [1, 1, 1, 3, 3], x = 4
- 4. How can the binary search concept be applied in searching in other data structures, such as trees or graphs?
- 5. What are some potential pitfalls or limitations of the binary search algorithm, and how can they be mitigated?
- 6. Implement a recursive version of the binary search algorithm in pseudocode.

Input: A sorted list L, a search value x, a start index s and an end index e**Output:** The index of x in L, or -1 if not found **begin**

end